

**JDD-3/SEDT/X-13**Post Code /  
पोस्ट कोड 001/13**B**Write here Roll Number and Answer-Sheet No.  
यहाँ क्रमांक एवं उत्तर-पत्रिका संख्या लिखें

Roll No. / क्रमांक

Answer Sheet No. / उत्तर-पत्रिका संख्या

629754

Time Allowed : 2 hours  
निर्धारित समय : 2 घंटे  
Maximum marks : 200  
अधिकतम अंक : 200

Post : Spl. Education Teacher

पद : विशेष शिक्षा अध्यापक

OBJECTIVE TYPE EXAMINATION

वस्तुनिष्ठ परीक्षा

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पहले नीचे लिखे अनुदेशों को ध्यान से पढ़ लें।

**IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. This Booklet contains 200 questions in all comprising the following sections :

Sections	Test Components	No. of Questions
(A)	(i) General Awareness (ii) General Intelligence & Reasoning Ability (iii) Arithmetical & Numerical Ability (iv) Test of Language : Hindi (v) Test of Language : English	20 20 20 20 20
(B)	Post specific subject-related questions	100

- All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.
- The paper carries negative markings. For each wrong answer 0.25 mark will be deducted.
- In case of any discrepancy between the English and Hindi versions of any question, the English version will be treated as final/authentic.
- OMR Answer Sheet is enclosed in this Booklet. You must complete the details of Roll Number, Question Booklet No., etc., on the Answer-Sheet and Answer-Sheet No. on the space provided above in this Question Booklet, before you actually start answering the questions, failing which your Answer-Sheet will not be evaluated and you will be awarded 'ZERO' mark.
- You must not tear off or remove any sheet from this Booklet. The Answer-Sheet must be handed over to the Invigilator before you leave the Examination Hall.
- Use of Calculator/Palmtop/Laptop/Other Digital Instrument/Mobile/Cell Phone/Pager is NOT allowed.
- Candidates found guilty of misconduct/using unfair means in the Examination Hall will be liable for appropriate penal/legal action.
- The manner in which different questions are to be answered has been explained at the back of this Booklet which you should read carefully before actually answering the questions.
- No Rough Work is to be done on the Answer-Sheet.

**उम्मीदवारों के लिए महत्वपूर्ण अनुदेश**

1. इस पुस्तिका में कुल 200 प्रश्न हैं, जिनमें निम्नलिखित भाग शामिल हैं :

भाग	परीक्षण विषय	प्रश्नों की संख्या
(अ)	(i) सामान्य जानकारी (ii) सामान्य बुद्धिमत्ता तथा तार्किक योग्यता (iii) अंकगणितीय एवं संख्यात्मक योग्यता (iv) भाषा परीक्षण : हिन्दी (v) भाषा परीक्षण : अंग्रेजी	20 20 20 20 20
(ब)	पोस्ट स्पेसिफिक विषय-सम्बन्धी प्रश्न	100

- सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं तथा सबके बराबर अंक हैं।
- प्रश्न पत्र में नकारात्मक अंकन होगा। हर गलत उत्तर के लिए 0.25 अंक काटा जायेगा।
- यदि किसी प्रश्न के हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी अनुवाद में कोई अंतर है तो अंग्रेजी अनुवाद को ही सही समझा जायेगा।
- इस उत्तर-पुस्तिका में ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रिका संलग्न है। प्रश्नों के उत्तर वास्तव में धुल करने से पहले आप उत्तर-पत्रिका में अपना रोल नम्बर, प्रश्न पुस्तिका संख्या, इत्यादि तथा इस प्रश्न पुस्तिका में उपरोक्त दिये गए स्थान पर उत्तर-पत्रिका की संख्या लिखें। अन्यथा आपकी उत्तर-पत्रिका को वांचा नहीं जायेगा और शून्य अंक दिया जायेगा।
- इस पुस्तिका से कोई पन्ना फाड़ना या अलग करना मना है। परीक्षा-भवन छोड़ने से पहले उत्तर-पत्रिका निरीक्षक के हवाले कर दें।
- कैलकुलेटर / पामटॉप / लैपटॉप / अन्य डिजिटल उपकरण; मोबाइल / सेल फोन / पेजर का उपयोग वर्जित है।
- परीक्षा-भवन में अनुचित व्यवहार एवं कार्य के लिए तय की गई पाठ्य-अध्ययीय युक्तिगत दंडनीय/वैधानिक कार्यवाही के पात्र होंगे।
- विभिन्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने की विधि इस पुस्तिका के पीछे छपे हुए निर्देशों में दे दी गई है, इसे आप प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पहले ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ लें।
- कोई रफ कार्य उत्तर-पत्रिका पर नहीं करना है।

CSWA

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL OF THE BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO / इस पुस्तिका की सील तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए

**SECTION - (A)****(i) GENERAL AWARENESS**

- 1 Headquarters of UNO are situated at  
(A) New York, USA  
(B) Hague (Netherlands)  
(C) Geneva  
(D) Paris
- 2 Dr. Zakir Hussain was  
(A) the first Muslim President of India  
(B) first Vice President of India  
(C) first President of Indian National Congress  
(D) first Speaker of Lok Sabha
- 3 G-15 is an economic grouping of  
(A) First World Nations  
(B) Second World Nations  
(C) Third World Nations  
(D) Fourth World Nations
- 4 India's first Technicolour film \_\_\_\_\_ in the early 1950s was produced by \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) 'Jhansi Ki Rani', Sohrab Modi  
(B) 'Jhansi Ki Rani', Sir Syed Ahmed  
(C) 'Mirza Ghalib', Sohrab Modi  
(D) 'Mirza Ghalib', Munshi Premchand
- 5 Lal Bahadur Shastri  
(A) succeeded Pandit Nehru as the second Prime Minister of India.  
(B) signed the Tashkent Agreement with Ayub Khan for a ceasefire between India and Pakistan.  
(C) is also known as "Man of Peace"  
(D) All of the above
- 6 Filaria is caused by  
(A) Bacteria  
(B) Mosquito  
(C) Protozoa  
(D) Virus
- 7 Who was the first Indian Chief of Army Staff of the Indian Army ?  
(A) Gen. K. M. Cariappa —  
(B) Vice-Admiral R. D. Katari  
(C) Gen. Maharaja Rajendra Singhji  
(D) None of the above
- 8 Coral reefs in India can be found in  
(A) The coast of Orissa  
(B) Waltair  
(C) Rameshwaram  
(D) Trivandrum
- 9 The Chief Minister is appointed by :  
(A) The Governor  
(B) The President  
(C) The Chief Justice of Supreme Court  
(D) The Chief Justice of High Court
- 10 Durand Cup is associated with the game of  
(A) Cricket  
(B) Football  
(C) Hockey  
(D) Volleyball

- 11 Federation Cup, World Cup, Allywyn International Trophy and Challenge Cup are awarded to winners of  
 (A) Tennis  
 (B) Volleyball  
 (C) Basketball  
 (D) Cricket
- 12 Fire temple is the place of worship of which of the following religion ?  
 (A) Taoism  
 (B) Judaism  
 (C) Zoroastrianism  
 (D) Shintoism
- 13 The Vice-President is the ex-officio Chairman of the :  
 (A) Rajya Sabha  
 (B) Lok Sabha  
 (C) Planning Commission  
 (D) National Development Council
- 14 The ozone layer restricts  
 (A) Visible light  
 (B) Infrared radiation  
 (C) X-rays and Gamma rays  
 (D) Ultraviolet radiation
- 15 Ecology deals with  
 (A) Birds  
 (B) Cell formation  
 (C) Relation between organisms and their environment  
 (D) Tissues
- 16 Which is alleged to be the biggest scandal of recent time ?  
 (A) ISRO-Devas deal (2011)  
 (B) 2G spectrum scam (2010)  
 (C) Coal blocks allotment (2012)  
 (D) Indira Gandhi International Airport Scam (2012)
- 17 Entomology is the science that studies  
 (A) Behaviour of human beings  
 (B) Insects  
 (C) The origin and history of technical and scientific terms  
 (D) The formation of rocks
- 18 For which of the following disciplines is Nobel Prize awarded ?  
 (A) Physics and Chemistry  
 (B) Physiology or Medicine  
 (C) Literature, Peace and Economics  
 (D) All of the above
- 19 Dumping is  
 (A) Selling of goods abroad at a price well below the production cost at the home market price  
 (B) The process by which the supply of a manufacturer's product remains low in the domestic market, which fetches him better price  
 (C) Prohibited by regulation of GATT  
 (D) All of the above
- 20 For the Olympics and World Tournaments, the dimensions of basketball court are .  
 (A) 26 m × 14 m  
 (B) 28 m × 15 m  
 (C) 27 m × 16 m  
 (D) 28 m × 16 m

(ii) GENERAL INTELLIGENCE & REASONING ABILITY

21 Odometer is to mileage as compass is to \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- (A) speed
- (B) hiking
- (C) needle
- (D) direction

22 Play is to actor as concert is to \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- (A) symphony
- (B) musician
- (C) piano
- (D) percussion

Fill the blank in the middle of the series or end of the series :

23 SCD, TEF, UGH, \_\_\_\_\_, WKT.

- (A) CMN
- (B) UJI
- (C) VII
- (D) IIT

24 JAK, KBL, LCM, MDN, \_\_\_\_\_

- (A) OEP
- (B) NEO
- (C) MEN
- (D) PFQ

The following question consists of a related pair of words, followed by four pairs of words. Choose the pair that best represents a similar relationship to the one expressed in the original pair of words.

25 TAILOR : SUIT

- (A) scheme : agent
- (B) edit : manuscript
- (C) revise : writer
- (D) mention : opinion

26 Which word does NOT belong with the others ?

- (A) tulip
- (B) rose
- (C) bud
- (D) daisy

In these question, a series is given, with missing term. Choose the correct alternative from the given ones that will complete the series.

27 Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it ?

\_c\_bd\_cbed\_a\_db\_a

- (A) adabcd
- (B) cdbbca
- (C) daabbc
- (D) bdbcba

- 28 The words in the bottom row are related in the same way as the words in the top row. For each item, find the word that completes the bottom row of words.

Candle lamp floodlight

hut cottage ?

- (A) tent  
 (B) city  
 (C) dwelling  
 (D) house
- 29 Which word does NOT belong with the others ?
- (A) wing  
 (B) fin  
 (C) beak  
 (D) rudder

The following question has an underlined word followed by four answer choices. You will choose the word that is a necessary part of the underlined word.

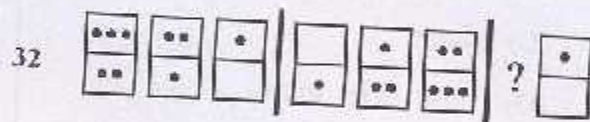
- 30 diploma (Certificate)
- (A) principal  
 (B) curriculum  
 (C) employment  
 (D) graduation

The following question consists of a related pair of words followed by four pairs of words. Choose the pair that best represents a similar relationship to the one expressed in the original pair of words.

- 31 DIVISION : SECTION

- (A) layer : tier  
 (B) tether : bundle  
 (C) chapter : verse  
 (D) riser : stage

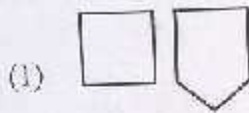
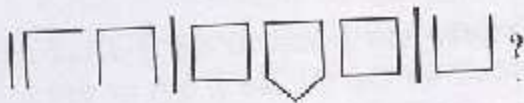
Look carefully at the sequence of symbols to find the pattern. Select correct pattern.



- (1)
- (2)
- (3)
- (4)

- (A) 1  
 (B) 2  
 (C) 3  
 (D) 4

33



(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

34 Yard is to inch as quart is to \_\_\_\_\_?

(A) gallon

(B) ounce

(C) milk

(D) liquid

35 Secretly is to openly as silently is to \_\_\_\_\_?

(A) scarcely

(B) impolitely

(C) noisily

(D) quietly

The following question has an underlined word followed by four answer choices. You will choose the word that is a necessary part of the underlined word.

36 book

(A) fiction

(B) pages

(C) pictures

(D) learning

37 Which word does NOT belong with the others?

(A) leopard

(B) cougar

(C) elephant

(D) lion

38 Reptile is to lizard as flower is to \_\_\_\_\_?

(A) petal

(B) stem

(C) daisy

(D) alligator

39 The following question has an underline word followed by four answer choices. Find the word that names a necessary part of the underlined word.

orchestra

(A) violin

(B) stage

(C) musician

(D) soloist

40 Look at this series : 5.2, 4.8, 4.4, 4, .....  
What number should come next?

(A) 3

(B) 3.3

(C) 3.5

(D) 3.6

(iii) ARITHMETICAL & NUMERICAL ABILITY

- 41 A solid cube with an edge of 10 cm is melted to form two equal cubes. The ratio of the edge of the smaller cube to the edge of the bigger cube is
- (A)  $1/3^{1/3}$   
(B)  $1/2$   
(C)  $1/2^{1/3}$   
(D)  $1/4^{1/3}$
- 42 A circular garden has a circumference of 440 m. There is a 7 m wide border inside the garden along its periphery. The area of the border is
- (A) 2918 m<sup>2</sup>  
(B) 2921 m<sup>2</sup>  
(C) 2924 m<sup>2</sup>  
(D) 2926 m<sup>2</sup>
- 43 Salaries of Ram and Shyam together amount to Rs. 12,000. Ram spends 80% of his salary and Shyam spends 90% of his salary. If their savings are the same, then what is the salary of Shyam?
- (A) Rs. 2,000  
(B) Rs. 4,000  
(C) Rs. 8,000  
(D) Rs. 10,000
- 44 X owns 20% shares of a company. Y owns all the shares of the same company not owned by X or Z. Z owns 20% more shares of the same company than what is owned by X. If Z has 36,000 shares, then how many shares are owned by Y?
- (A) 30,000  
(B) 36,000  
(C) 84,000  
(D) 1,50,000
- 45 The average of a series of 20 numbers is 50. The difference between the highest number and the smallest number in the series is 76. If the highest and the smallest numbers are excluded from the series, then the average is 48. The lowest number of the original series is
- (A) 25  
(B) 27  
(C) 30  
(D) 42
- 46 An investor invested in two types of bonds. Bond A and Bond B, in the ratio of 3 : 7. The interest rate on Bond A is 12% and on Bond B, 10%. If he gets an interest of Rs. 18,000 from Bond A, then the amount of investment in Bond B is
- (A) Rs. 1,50,000  
(B) Rs. 3,00,000  
(C) Rs. 3,50,000  
(D) Rs. 5,00,000
- 47 If  $x + 8 = \frac{-15}{x}$ , then x is equal to
- (A) 5 or -3  
(B) -5 or 3  
(C) -3 or 5  
(D) 3 or 5

- 48 A driver has to drive another 120 km to complete his trip. So far, he has driven at a speed of 60 kmph for 3 hours. How much time should he take in completing the remaining part of his journey so as to attain an average speed of 50 kmph for the entire journey ?
- (A) 1 hour  
(B) 2 hours  
(C) 3 hours  
(D) 4 hours
- 49 A container is  $\frac{3}{4}$  full. If 6 liters of water is removed, then the container is  $\frac{1}{2}$  full. The total capacity of the container is
- (A) 4 litres  
(B) 6 litres  
(C) 16 litres  
(D) 24 litres
- 50 A specific type of cloth costs Rs 50 a metre and a buyer gets 8% discount on the total cost, if he buys 125 metres or more. The cost of 625 metres of cloth is
- (A) Rs. 25,000  
(B) Rs. 27,250  
(C) Rs. 28,750  
(D) Rs. 30,250
- 51 A's salary is 40% of B's salary which is 25% of C's salary. What percentage of C's salary is A's salary ?
- (A) 5%  
(B) 10%  
(C) 15%  
(D) 20%
- 52 The cost of Type 1 rice is Rs. 15 per kg and Type 2 rice is Rs. 20 per kg. If both Type 1 and 2 are mixed in the ratio of 2:3, then the price per kg of the mixed variety of rice is
- (A) Rs. 18.00  
(B) Rs. 18.50  
(C) Rs. 19.00  
(D) Rs. 19.50
- 53 A circle has a circumference equal to the perimeter of a square. The ratio of the radius of the circle to the side of the square is
- (A)  $\frac{7}{22}$   
(B)  $\frac{2}{7}$   
(C)  $\frac{1}{7}$   
(D)  $\frac{7}{11}$
- 54 A sum of money at simple interest amounts to Rs. 815 in 3 years and to Rs. 854 in 4 years. The sum is :
- (A) Rs. 650  
(B) Rs. 690  
(C) Rs. 698  
(D) Rs. 700



- 55 The average age of Magan and Chhagan after a period of 5 years from now will be 20 years. Magan's present age is 12 years. What is their average age now ?
- (A) 14  
(B) 15  
(C) 10  
(D) 17
- 56 If an amount of Rs. 1,50,000 is shared between A, B and C in the ratio of 2 : 3 : 5, then A receives the same amount as he would receive if another sum of money is shared between A, B and C in the ratio of 5 : 3 : 2. The ratio of Rs. 1,50,000 to the second amount of money is
- (A) 2 : 3  
(B) 3 : 2  
(C) 5 : 3  
(D) 5 : 2
- 57 A one-metre border, inside a rectangular field of length and breadth are 8m and 5m respectively, has to be ploughed. If the cost of ploughing is Rs. 20 per square metre, then how much amount will be spent in ploughing the entire border ?
- (A) Rs. 300  
(B) Rs. 340  
(C) Rs. 400  
(D) Rs. 440
- 58 Two numbers are such that the sum of thrice the first number and twice the second number is 200 and twice the first number minus thrice the second number is 25. The number are :
- (A) 50, 25  
(B) 50, 20  
(C) 20, 25  
(D) 20, 30
- 59 The wages of a worker are increased by 20%. The increased wages are reduced by 20%. Express the net change in wages as a percentage of the original wages
- (A) 20% decrease  
(B) 4% decrease  
(C) 4% increase  
(D) 20% increase
- 60 Ketan is 4 times as fast as Mayur in completing any work. Mayur takes 15 days more than Ketan to finish the same work. If both work together, then in how many days will the work be completed ?
- (A) 3 days  
(B) 4 days  
(C) 5 days  
(D) 20 days

(iv) भाषा परीक्षण : हिन्दी

निर्देश : अनुच्छेद को ध्यान से पढ़िए और उस पर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार सम्भावित उत्तर हैं किन्हीं A, B, C और D क्रम दिया गया है। आपको सही उत्तर चुनना है।

अनुच्छेद

हम अनेक प्रकार का भोजन करते हैं। सामान्य भोजन के अलावा हम कुछ चीजें उनके स्वाद के लिए खाते हैं। उनमें से कुछ हैं आइस्क्रीम, चॉकलेट, ब्रेड, चीस आदि। चॉकलेट बच्चों को बहुत प्रिय होती है। यह कोई दवायत नहीं रही। विश्व के प्रायः प्रत्येक देश में इसकी खपत होती है। संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका इसका सबसे बड़ा उपभोक्ता है। चॉकलेट का स्वाद अच्छा होता है और यह हमें शक्ति भी देती है। चॉकलेट की कहानी बड़ी रोचक है। सैकड़ों वर्ष पूर्व चॉकलेट नाम के एक पेय का रस्य मेक्सिको से स्पेन भेजा गया। मेक्सिको के लोग इस पेय को पसंद करते थे। इस चॉकलेट को बनाने के लिए वे कोकोआ की फलियों को तोड़कर पानी में उबालते थे। इस मिश्रण को वे वैनिला और किसी अन्य मसाले से सुगंधित बना देते थे। स्पेन के लोगों को पेय का तीखापन पसंद नहीं आया। शक्कर मिला देने के बाद उन्हें यह अधिक अच्छा लगा। यह चॉकलेट बनाने की शुरुआत थी।

61. किस देश को चॉकलेट का तीखा स्वाद पसंद नहीं आया ?  
 (A) भारत  
 (B) स्पेन  
 (C) मेक्सिको  
 (D) संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका
62. मेक्सिको के लोगों की पसंदीदा सुगंध क्या थी ?  
 (A) वैनिला (B) पाइनएपल  
 (C) स्ट्रॉबेरी (D) गुलाब
63. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी चीस बच्चों को अधिक प्रिय है ?  
 (A) आइस्क्रीम (B) चॉकलेट  
 (C) ब्रेड (D) मक्खन
64. किस देश में चॉकलेट अधिक खाई जाती है ?  
 (A) मेक्सिको  
 (B) स्पेन  
 (C) संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका  
 (D) रूस
65. चॉकलेट में शक्कर मिलाने की शुरुआत किस देश ने की ?  
 (A) मेक्सिको (B) स्पेन  
 (C) फ्रांस (D) भारत

निर्देश : निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में रेखांकित शब्दों के मद-परिचय के लिए दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए :

66. मैं पुस्तक पढ़ता हूँ ।  
 (A) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा, एकवचन, पुल्लिंग  
 (B) जातिवाचक संज्ञा, एकवचन, स्त्रीलिंग  
 (C) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा, एकवचन, स्त्रीलिंग  
 (D) जातिवाचक संज्ञा, एकवचन, पुल्लिंग
67. उसने ऊँचा मड़ल देखा ।  
 (A) विशेषण, गुणवाचक, पुल्लिंग, एकवचन  
 (B) विशेषण, परिमाणवाचक, स्त्रीलिंग, एकवचन  
 (C) विशेषण, संख्यावाचक, पुल्लिंग, एकवचन  
 (D) विशेषण, सार्वनामिक, स्त्रीलिंग, एकवचन
68. कौन आया है ?  
 (A) सर्वनाम, प्रश्नवाचक, पुल्लिंग, एकवचन  
 (B) सर्वनाम, पुरुषवाचक, पुल्लिंग, एकवचन  
 (C) सर्वनाम, निश्चयवाचक, स्त्रीलिंग, एकवचन  
 (D) सर्वनाम, संबंधवाचक, पुल्लिंग, एकवचन
69. मैं अवश्य पहुँचूँगा ।  
 (A) क्रियाविशेषण, रीतिवाचक, 'पहुँचूँगा' का विशेषण  
 (B) क्रियाविशेषण, स्थानवाचक, 'पहुँचूँगा' का विशेषण  
 (C) क्रियाविशेषण, कालवाचक, 'पहुँचूँगा' का विशेषण  
 (D) क्रियाविशेषण, परिमाणवाचक, 'पहुँचूँगा' का विशेषण
70. जिस वाक्य में एक सरल वाक्य के अलावा अन्य उपवाक्य आश्रित होकर आएँ कहते हैं:  
 (A) संयुक्त वाक्य  
 (B) साधारण वाक्य  
 (C) मिश्र वाक्य  
 (D) सरल वाक्य

निर्देश :

निम्नलिखित वाक्यों को चार भागों में बाँटा गया है। प्रत्येक वाक्य में एक भाग अशुद्ध है। आपको सही उत्तर चुनना है।

- 71 कुत्ता / विल्ली से / भगा / रहा है।  
(A) (B) (C) (D)
- 72 चॉकलेट आईस्क्रीम / बच्चे में / बहुत / पसंद है।  
(A) (B) (C) (D)
- 73 तुमने / तुम्हारा / पेन्सिल / कहाँ रखी है ?  
(A) (B) (C) (D)

निर्देश :

निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में रिक्तस्थान की पूर्ति के लिए दिए हुए शब्दों में से सबसे उपयुक्त शब्द चुनिए और संलग्न उत्तर पुस्तिका में दर्शाइए।

- 74 बच्चों को हमेशा बताया जाता है कि बरगदें \_\_\_\_\_ न दीं।  
(A) से  
(B) के लिए  
(C) में  
(D) को
- 75 क्या आपके माता पिताने यात्रा के लिए अनुमति \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) दे दी है।  
(B) दे दिया है।  
(C) दे सकी है।  
(D) दे दिए हैं।
- 76 बस ने उस महिला को गिरा दिया \_\_\_\_\_  
रोखी रोटी कमाने के लिए बहुत परिश्रम करती है।  
(A) जिसने  
(B) जिसे  
(C) जहाँ  
(D) जो

निर्देश :

नीचे चार वाक्य दिए गए हैं जिन्हें 1, 2, 3, 4 क्रम दिया गया है। उन वाक्यों से एक अनुच्छेद बनाने के लिए सही क्रम चुनिए।

- 77 1. इसका स्वाद अच्छा होता है पर स्वास्थ्य के लिए अच्छा नहीं है।  
2. स्कूलों की कैटीनों में इस पर प्रतिबंध है।  
3. फास्ट फुड खाना स्वास्थ्य के लिए अच्छा नहीं है।  
4. बच्चों को इसे नहीं खाना चाहिए।  
सही क्रम होगा :  
(A) 1 2 3 4  
(B) 2 1 3 4  
(C) 3 2 1 4  
(D) 3 1 2 4

- 78 1. वह बड़ी दुकान थी।  
2. मैं कुछ खाने की चीजें खरीदना चाहता था।  
3. मैंने चीजें खरीदने में 500 रु. खर्च किए।  
4. मैं एक को परचून दुकान पर गया।

सही क्रम होगा :

- (A) 4 3 2 1  
(B) 4 3 1 2  
(C) 2 1 4 3  
(D) 2 4 1 3

निर्देश :

सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प चुनकर निम्नलिखित वाक्यों को पूरा कीजिए और संलग्न उत्तर पुस्तिका में दर्शाइए।

- 79 \_\_\_\_\_ में मुंबई जा रहा हूँ।  
(A) मेरी दादी मेरे घर आई  
(B) मेरे मित्र के विवाह में शामिल होने  
(C) क्योंकि मुझे सैंडविच पसंद हैं  
(D) कुछ दूध खरीदना है
- 80 दर्शकों ने जोरों से हर्ष व्यक्त किया जब \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) छत गिर गई  
(B) भारत मैच जीत गया  
(C) पिताजी घर लौट आए  
(D) रैकड़ीवाला खाने को चीजें बेच रहा था

(v) TEST OF LANGUAGE : ENGLISH

*Instruction : The following sentences are divided into four parts. One part in each sentence is wrong. You have to find it.*

- 81 Do / you / see / a blue sky ?  
(A) (B) (C) (D)
- 82 She / have understood / me / correctly.  
(A) (B) (C) (D)
- 83 I / was / very happy / just now.  
(A) (B) (C) (D)

*Instruction : Select the suitable word to fill in the following sentences.*

- 84 What is \_\_\_\_\_ this box ?  
(A) into (B) to  
(C) for (D) in
- 85 I have \_\_\_\_\_ interesting book.  
(A) a (B) the  
(C) an (D) by
- 86 My mother \_\_\_\_\_ me daily.  
(A) scolding (B) scold  
(C) scolded (D) scolds

*Instruction :*

*Read each passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. For each question four probable answers bearing numbers A, B, C and D are given. Only one out of these is correct. You have to choose the correct answer.*

**PASSAGE**

If you walk on a sandy beach, you leave your footprints behind you. In no time at all the waves of the sea come and wash them away. If you walk on the desert sands, again, you have your footprints behind you. Soon, the wind blows your footprints away.

However, if you went upto the moon and walked around on its surface, you would leave your footprints there for all time to come. What do you think is the reason for this ? It's simple. The moon has no air or water, so there is nothing to disturb the footprints. It is no wonder then that the footprints of the first people who visited the moon, are still there today.

On July 20<sup>th</sup> 1969, Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin became the first men to get off their spaceship and step on to the moon. They were wearing heavy space suits, but could walk and jump quite easily. This was possible because everything on the moon is lighter. Armstrong and Aldrin spent three hours on the moon, but their footprints remain there forever.

- 87 Why was it easy for Armstrong and Aldrin to walk on the moon in their heavy space suits ?  
(A) Everything on the moon is lighter  
(B) Their happiness gave them strength  
(C) They didn't think about the weight of the space suits  
(D) The man in the moon helped them to walk
- 88 Whose footprints are still found on the moon ?  
(A) Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin  
(B) Issac Newton  
(C) Rakesh Sharma  
(D) Indira Gandhi
- 89 How do your footprints disappear from a sandy beach ?  
(A) The waves subsided  
(B) People step on them and scatter the sand  
(C) They are swept away  
(D) The wind blows them away
- 90 Why is it not possible to leave your footprints in the desert ?  
(A) You will not go there, because it is too hot  
(B) The rain washes the footprints away  
(C) The wind blows the footprints away  
(D) Animals disturb the footprints
- 91 Why is it possible for footprints to remain on the moon ?  
(A) The wind cannot blow them away  
(B) The rain cannot wash them away  
(C) Animals cannot disturb them  
(D) The moon has no air or water

*Instruction : In the following questions four alternatives are given for the idiom/phrase underlined in the sentence. Choose the best alternative which expresses the meaning of idiom/phrase.*

- 92 Though he has lot of money, yet all his plans are built upon sand.  
(A) established on insecure foundations  
(B) based on inexperience  
(C) resting on cheap material  
(D) resting on immature ideas
- 93 The authorities took him to task for his negligence.  
(A) gave him additional work  
(B) suspended his assignment  
(C) reprimanded him  
(D) forced him to resign
- 94 Why do you wish to tread on the toes?  
(A) To give offence to them  
(B) To follow them grudgingly  
(C) To treat them indifferently  
(D) To be kicked by them
- 95 In spite of the immense pressure exerted by the militants, the Government has decided not to give in.  
(A) accede  
(B) yield  
(C) oblige  
(D) confirm
- 96 It was he who put a spoke in my wheel.  
(A) tried to cause an accident  
(B) helped in the execution of the plan  
(C) thwarted in the execution of the plan  
(D) destroyed the plan

*Instruction : Complete the following sentences by selecting the best alternative.*

- 97 In spite of many failures  
(A) he succeed hopes to.  
(B) to succeed he hopes.  
(C) he hopes to succeed.  
(D) he to hopes succeed.
- 98 He sent his son  
(A) to be Europe to educated.  
(B) to Europe to be educated.  
(C) educated to be to Europe.  
(D) to Europe be to educated.

*Instruction : Given below are four sentences marked as 1 2 3 4. Find the correct order of these sentences to make a paragraph.*

- 99 1. And develops our skills.  
2. You gain knowledge as well.  
3. It builds vocabulary.  
4. Reading newspaper is necessary.

*The correct order will be*

- (A) 4 3 1 2  
(B) 1 2 3 4  
(C) 3 1 2 4  
(D) 2 1 3 4

- 100 1. Their appreciation makes me happy.  
2. I enjoy cooking dishes.  
3. Cooking is my hobby.  
4. My family members enjoy eating whatever I cook.

*The correct order will be -*

- (A) 4 1 2 3  
(B) 2 3 1 4  
(C) 1 2 3 4  
(D) 3 2 4 1

**SECTION - (B)****POST SPECIFIC SUBJECT - RELATED QUESTIONS**

- 101 In pedagogy computer is used-
- (A) To motivate the learner
  - (B) To provide feedback
  - (C) To interact with the learner
  - (D) For all the above
- 102 Which of the following is the brain of the computer ?
- (A) Programme
  - (B) Central processing unit
  - (C) Memory
  - (D) Hard Disc
- 103 Spare the rod — spoil the child.  
This assumption is related to that type of discipline which has been advocated-
- (A) By naturalist philosophy
  - (B) By pragmatist philosophy
  - (C) In Victorian Era
  - (D) In Democratic Era
- 104 The concept of school complex was first executed in-
- (A) Uttar Pradesh
  - (B) Madhya Pradesh
  - (C) Bihar
  - (D) Rajasthan
- 105 The proponent of the Cognitive Theory of teaching is-
- (A) N. L. Gage
  - (B) Shiv Kumar Mitra
  - (C) B. F. Skinner
  - (D) McDonald
- 106 Instruction medium affects the absence and escape from class teaching-
- (A) Agreed
  - (B) Indefinite
  - (C) Disagreed
  - (D) None of the above
- 107 The determinant of teaching skill training is-
- (A) Components
  - (B) Pupil-teacher
  - (C) Supervisor
  - (D) Headmaster
- 108 For a good communication ..... is required.
- (A) Clarity of thought
  - (B) Dramatic Presentation
  - (C) Speaking in a mild tone
  - (D) Speaking without pause
- 109 Which of the following is an approach to educational planning ?
- (A) Man-power approach
  - (B) Social Demand approach
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) None of the above
- 110 Institutional planning should be based on-
- (A) Aim and needs
  - (B) Time-table
  - (C) Administration
  - (D) Need
- 111 Teacher behaviour ought to be-
- (A) Administrative
  - (B) Instructive
  - (C) Idealistic
  - (D) Directive

- 112 Information highway or net is-
- (A) Computer
  - (B) Internet
  - (C) Intranet
  - (D) Key-board
- 113 INSAT-1(B) has been launched in-
- (A) 30 April, 1983
  - (B) 30 August, 1983
  - (C) 30 December, 1983
  - (D) 30 January, 1984
- 114 The number of representatives of Central Government in UGC is-
- (A) 09
  - (B) 02
  - (C) 06
  - (D) 03
- 115 Computer language is based on —
- (A) Number system
  - (B) Symbol system
  - (C) Series system
  - (D) None of the above
- 116 The main task of educational computer is-
- (A) Scoring the answers
  - (B) Preserve the information
  - (C) Analysis of data
  - (D) All of the above
- 117 UNESCO satellite directed television program was used first
- (A) 1926
  - (B) 1959
  - (C) 1961
  - (D) 1965
- 118 In which of the following instructional procedure is the main component ?
- (A) Synectics teaching model
  - (B) Basic teaching model
  - (C) Inductive model
  - (D) Social-stimulation
- 119 The computer based teaching model has been developed by-
- (A) Gilbert (1962)
  - (B) Stolurrow and Davis (1965)
  - (C) Robert Gagne (1965)
  - (D) Mecner (1965)
- 120 Which of the following expectation students have from group learning ?
- (A) To get appreciation from the group
  - (B) To distribute the work equally
  - (C) To ignore individual view point
  - (D) To attract isolated student towards the group

- 121 In order to modify the undesirable behavior of a student the most effective method is-
- (A) To punish the student
  - (B) To bring it to the notice of parents
  - (C) To find out the reasons for the undesirable behaviour and provide remedies
  - (D) To ignore it
- 122 In which university the micro-teaching system started in 1961 ?
- (A) Stanford University
  - (B) Oxford University
  - (C) Delhi University
  - (D) M. S. University Baroda (India)
- 123 The correct meaning of C.A.I. is-
- (A) Characteristics of Assistant Instructor
  - (B) Computer Assisted Instruction
  - (C) Community Assisted Instruction
  - (D) None of the above
- 124 "Man is born free but every-where he is in chains." This statement has been given by-
- (A) Abraham Maslow
  - (B) Jean Jacques Rousseau
  - (C) John Dewey
  - (D) W.I.L. Kilpatrick
- 125 Written communication strategy includes-
- (A) Algorithms
  - (B) Decision Table
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) None of the above
- 126 Main responsibility of School Management lies on-
- (A) Principal
  - (B) Teachers
  - (C) Manager
  - (D) All of the above
- 127 Major objective of School Discipline is-
- (A) To ensure safety of staff and students
  - (B) To create an environment conducive for teaching
  - (C) Both (A) and (B)
  - (D) None of the above
- 128 At primary level teacher-taught ratio was 1 : 39-
- (A) According to sixth educational survey of all India
  - (B) According to fifth educational survey of all India
  - (C) According to fourth educational survey of all India
  - (D) According to second educational survey of all India
- 129 A fault in a computer programme which prevents it from working correctly is known as-
- (A) Bug
  - (B) Error
  - (C) Boo-Boo
  - (D) Virus
- 130 Practical knowledge of language is learnt at—
- (A) School
  - (B) Language laboratory
  - (C) Language teaching
  - (D) Language instruction



- 131 Dropping out from school means—  
 (A) To come to school casually  
 (B) To leave the school forever  
 (C) To play truant from class  
 (D) None of the above
- 132 Which one of the following is not a principle of a good time table?  
 (A) Flexibility  
 (B) Ruthless master  
 (C) Variety  
 (D) Coordination of efforts
- 133 The reason of absence and escape from school is—  
 (A) Lack of interest in syllabus  
 (B) Poor method of teaching  
 (C) Ineffective teacher  
 (D) All the above
- 134 Ministry of Human Resource Development was established on—  
 (A) Oct. 26, 1985  
 (B) Sept. 16, 1985  
 (C) Sept. 26, 1985  
 (D) Sept. 10, 1986
- 135 The scope of Decision-Making is—  
 (A) Management  
 (B) Organization  
 (C) Administration  
 (D) Supervision
- 136 Factor of personality is—  
 (A) Ductless glands  
 (B) Family background  
 (C) School  
 (D) All the above
- 137 Which of the following aspects is discussed in a Teacher's Diary?  
 (A) Class Time Table  
 (B) Teaching Content  
 (C) Both (A) and (B)  
 (D) None of the above
- 138 \_\_\_\_\_ embodies a historical component, is a resource for daily life, is associated with locations in which people interact over time, and exists in the contexts of family, school district, school, classroom, and team meetings.  
 (A) Religion  
 (B) Diversity  
 (C) Culture  
 (D) Language
- 139 When interpreting students' performance through a cultural lens, educators should consider the practices of the cultural group to which the student belongs, the group's history, the child's \_\_\_\_\_, and the culturally expected roles, goals, resources, constraints, and biases of the individual.  
 (A) Religion  
 (B) History  
 (C) Culture  
 (D) Language

- 140 What do you mean by personality ?  
 (A) Behaviour of person  
 (B) Social development of person  
 (C) That things which person belongs  
 (D) Speech that person speaks
- 141 What is called habit ?  
 (A) Repeation of any work  
 (B) It is an automic process  
 (C) (A) and (B) both  
 (D) Only (B)
- 142 How should teacher measure the ability of students ?  
 (A) By examining the students  
 (B) By asking the students  
 (C) By analysing the record of various works of students  
 (D) By asking with parents of students
- 143 How can give the right/proper knowledge to the student ?  
 (A) By memorising the lesson  
 (B) By explaining the lesson  
 (C) Self studies of student  
 (D) By teaching in interesting way
- 144 How should the student be taught the science subject ?  
 (A) By giving the question answers  
 (B) By showing practical  
 (C) Practicals are being done by the students  
 (D) By teaching in interesting way
- 145 What is necessary to learn in the class ?  
 (A) Proper environment  
 (B) Curiosity of the students  
 (C) Learned teacher  
 (D) All of above
- 146 How should children be taught ?  
 (A) They should teach language  
 (B) They should tell stories  
 (C) They should teach language by play method  
 (D) By listening music
- 147 If the student couldn't answer the given questions then :  
 (A) Teacher should answer them  
 (B) Teacher should asked other students  
 (C) Teacher should encourage the student to give answer  
 (D) Teacher should punish the student
- 148 Educational tour is necessary in the school for the students. Why ?  
 (A) The students feel happy in travel  
 (B) study in not treated as burden for the students  
 (C) The students get segment knowledge with direct relation/contact  
 (D) The student enjoy the travel
- 149 Homework is given to the students. Why ?  
 (A) The students could study at home  
 (B) For the development of the students  
 (C) To know that how much the students understood the lesson  
 (D) For the development of writing skills

150 Now-a-days there are no educational interest in the students, because :

- (A) There are a lot of money in the business
- (B) Education is too much expensive
- (C) They can't see the better future of education
- (D) There are no appropriate syllabus and model of education

151 What is the importance of moral education in the teaching of the students ?

- (A) Moral education is necessary for this environment
- (B) Moral education encourages the students
- (C) Moral education is necessary for the development of character
- (D) Moral education makes a man the Greatman

152 Objective type questions are asked despite of essay type questions in the school. Why ?

- (A) For telling the importance of time to the students
- (B) For doing more work in less time
- (C) For knowing answers of more questions
- (D) It is more convenient to solve the answer sheet

153 Students are taken to educational tour, so that

- (A) Study might not be understood as burden
- (B) Parents of the students might be satisfied
- (C) The students can get knowledge from it
- (D) The students can enjoy

154 If the students couldn't answer your questions ?

- (A) The teacher should tell them answer
- (B) The teacher should ask that question in other matter
- (C) The teacher should ask them again and again
- (D) The teacher should give answer and ask to remember them

155 In this contemporary environment, he is the success teacher who :

- (A) wears modern dresses and comes in the class
- (B) comes with mobile or pager in the class
- (C) creates the situation to learn something in the class
- (D) have skills to make an effective contact with students

156 What should teacher do before teaching the lesson ?

- (A) Lesson should be ready by a student
- (B) He should tell the main objective of the lesson
- (C) He should point out the meaning of difficult words of the lesson, first
- (D) He should tell the answer of questions of the lessons first

157 What should teacher to after teaching the lesson ?

- (A) He should ask to do question-answers of the lesson
- (B) He should give them answers of the questions of the lesson
- (C) He should have them if they may write or not
- (D) He should test the understanding of the students

158 How will you teach to the weak student ?

- (A) You will give a new book with new facts daily
- (B) You will teach him with intelligent student
- (C) You will give separate time and teach him
- (D) You will tell him that who does labour hard he gets success

159 How will you stop that students who are naughty and take intoxicante substances ?

- (A) You will give him rigorous punishment and after improvement teach him
- (B) You will tell him about diseases which are arosen with it and then after teach him
- (C) You will take intoxicated substance and then teach them
- (D) You will reach only those student who do not take intoxicated substance

160 You are a teacher and you are transferred in the town from a village insritution. How will you teach them ?

- (A) He will live town sometime, then go for teaching
- (B) There will be no change in your teaching process
- (C) You will teach with modern means such as Internet etc.
- (D) You will talk to other teachers then teach with modern techaiques

161 For golden future of students they should :

- (A) study more and more only in school
- (B) memorise only that questions which have possibility to ask in the examination
- (C) Study with teacher in school and parents in home
- (D) not ignore their hobbies or interests

162 If there are some naughty students in the class then how will you teach in that situation ?

- (A) Without paying any attention, you will teach the lesson
- (B) To make them understand, you will teach in the pshycological manner
- (C) You will call their parents and tell them their mentality
- (D) You will request to principal to expell them

163 A good teacher :

- (A) Keep the similar eye on every students of the class
- (B) Help the economically weaker students
- (C) Pay more attention to the weak students
- (D) Help poor students to give money

- 164 As a teacher, what will you do if students do not attend your class?
- (A) Blame students for their absence from the class.
  - (B) Ponder over the present attitude of students in a calm manner.
  - (C) Think about using some interesting techniques of teaching.
  - (D) Try to understand the reasons and try to eliminate them.
- 165 There will be better communication in a lecture if a teacher
- (A) reads from prepared notes
  - (B) prepares the notes well in advance and use them as a guide
  - (C) talks extempore
  - (D) talks extempore drawing examples from other disciplines
- 166 Teachers who are enthusiastic in be class-room teaching
- (A) often lack proficiency in the subjects which stays hidden under their enthusiasm
  - (B) Simply dramatize to hold the student's attention
  - (C) involve their students in the teaching-learning process
  - (D) all of the above
- 167 One can be a good teacher, if he/she
- (A) has genuine interest in teaching
  - (B) knows how to control students
  - (C) knows his/her subject
  - (D) has good expression
- 168 The most important skill of teaching is
- (A) making students understand what the teacher says
  - (B) covering the course prescribed in his subject
  - (C) keeping students relaxed while teaching
  - (D) taking classes regularly
- 169 Effective teaching, by and large, is a function of
- (A) Maintaining discipline in the class
  - (B) Teachers honesty
  - (C) Teacher's making students learn and understand
  - (D) Teachers liking for the Job of teaching
- 170 Success of a profession depends on—
- (A) Policy to please individuals
  - (B) Maintaining relationship with people
  - (C) Maintaining quality of work
  - (D) Loyalty to the superiors
- 171 Main role of teacher is identified with a—
- (A) Leader
  - (B) Planner
  - (C) Manager
  - (D) Motivator
- 172 Prior to teaching the teacher does
- (A) Identification of objectives
  - (B) Preparation of teaching lesson plan
  - (C) Know the interest of students
  - (D) All of the above

- 173 Effective teaching includes—
- (A) Teacher is active but students may or may not be active
  - (B) Teacher may be active or inactive but students are active
  - (C) Teacher is active and students are active
  - (D) All of the above situations
- 174 Immediate outcome of teaching is—
- (A) Changes in the behaviour of students in desirable direction
  - (B) Development of total personality of students
  - (C) Building characters of the students
  - (D) Getting selected for a suitable job
- 175 Basic requirement of teaching efficiency is—
- (A) Mastery on teaching skills
  - (B) Mastery over use of different techniques of teaching
  - (C) Mastery over appropriate use of media and technology in teaching
  - (D) All of the above
- 176 Questioning skill in teaching is most useful in—
- (A) Ensuring students' active participation in learning
  - (B) Memorizing the facts by students
  - (C) Making students disciplined
  - (D) Preparing students for examination

- 177 A teacher wants to enhance his income. You will advise him/her to—
- (A) Teach in coaching institutes during extra time
  - (B) Take more remunerative works in the school/college
  - (C) Join contractual assignments other than teaching
  - (D) Writing Books
- 178 As a principal you will encourage your teacher colleagues to—
- (A) Participate in seminars and conferences in India and abroad
  - (B) Participate in refresher courses for enhancement of subject knowledge
  - (C) Doing community services for upliftment of down trodden
  - (D) All of the above
179. A teacher shall inculcate social and moral values among students by—
- (A) Delivering lectures on values
  - (B) Showing TV programmes
  - (C) Involving students actively in co curricular activities
  - (D) Observing Religious Festivals
- 180 The most significant approach of evaluation is—
- (A) Continuous and comprehensive evaluation
  - (B) Conducting objective term end examination
  - (C) Maintaining cumulative records of students
  - (D) Semester system evaluation

- 181 Educational technology is useful because—  
 (A) it is the need of the hour  
 (B) it is adopted by famous institutions  
 (C) it makes teaching effective and efficient  
 (D) it attracts students towards teaching and learning activities
- 182 A teacher must have mastery over his subject for—  
 (A) alertness  
 (B) making impact on students  
 (C) interest  
 (D) making teaching effective
- 183 The term 'kinder garten' means—  
 (A) Children's  
 (B) Children's home  
 (C) Children's school  
 (D) Children's playground
- 184 The Kothari Commission Report on Education was entitled as—  
 (A) Education and National Development  
 (B) Learning 'to be'  
 (C) Diversification of Education  
 (D) Education for all
- 185 The most appropriate meaning of learning is—  
 (A) Inculcation of knowledge  
 (B) Modification of behaviour  
 (C) Personal adjustment  
 (D) Acquisition of skills
- 186 Teachers knowledge on student's needs and interests are covered by the subject—  
 (A) Philosophy of education  
 (B) Psychology of education  
 (C) Sociology of education  
 (D) Politics of education
- 187 Work experience in education means—  
 (A) Education for productivity with rural  
 (B) Working for a new social order  
 (C) Experience in industrial and technological world  
 (D) Education for orientation towards vocational courses
- 188 Integral education concept is propounded by—  
 (A) Sri Aurobindo  
 (B) Mahatma Gandhi  
 (C) Swami Dayanand  
 (D) Swami Vivekanand
- 189 Emotional Adjustment of students is effective in—  
 (A) Personality formation  
 (B) Class-teaching  
 (C) Discipline  
 (D) All of the above
- 190 Black-board can be included in which group/category of teaching-aids ?  
 (A) Audio-aids  
 (B) Visual-aids  
 (C) Audio-visual aids  
 (D) None of the above

- 191 Which of the following is related with teaching skill ?
- (A) Black-board writing
  - (B) Solving questions
  - (C) Asking questions
  - (D) All the above
- 192 Students who ask questions in the class should be-
- (A) Advised to meet the teacher after the class
  - (B) Encouraged to participate in the discussion in the class
  - (C) Encouraged to continue asking questions
  - (D) Encouraged to search answers independently
- 193 At authoritarian level teaching is.....
- (A) Teacher centered
  - (B) Child—centered
  - (C) Headmaster centered
  - (D) Experience based
- 194 Who developed the interaction analysis category system in education for increasing the teacher effectiveness
- (A) Flander
  - (B) Rayon
  - (C) Amidon and Simon
  - (D) Richard Over
- 195 One of the important theory of moral development has been proposed by-
- (A) Laurence Kohlberg
  - (B) Erik Fromm
  - (C) Daniel Coleman
  - (D) Benjamin Bloom
- 196 Character is developed by-
- (A) Will-power
  - (B) Conduct and behavior
  - (C) Morality
  - (D) All of the above
- 197 Which of the following is not a level of teaching learning ?
- (A) Differentiation level
  - (B) Memory level
  - (C) Reflective level
  - (D) Understanding level
- 198 NUEPA is mainly concerned with-
- (A) Educational Supervision
  - (B) Educational Unity
  - (C) Educational Planning
  - (D) Educational Evaluation
- 199 The name of Yashpal Committee Report (1993) is-
- (A) I.C.T in Teacher education
  - (B) Learning without Burden
  - (C) Learning through Broad-casting
  - (D) None of the above
- 200 The Father of Psychoanalysis is-
- (A) Erik H. Erikson
  - (B) Jean Piaget
  - (C) Jerorne S. Bruner
  - (D) Sigmund Freud